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Rewald kept rich image for CIA's sake, jury told

By Walter Wright

Ronald Rewald took investors' money under false pretenses to preserve his CIA cover as a wealthy businessman, his lawyer said yester-

Brian Temenaha, assistant federal public de-fender, displayed a CIA "contact sheet" show-ing Rewald volunteered his services to the CIA here in June 1978, was given a "secret"-level security classification, and then helped level security classification, and then neiped set up "commercial cover" here for CIA per-sonnel and supported operations at a Far East and a West Coast location and against intelli-gence "targets."

It was obvious to the CIA. Tamanaha said, that Barraid actions minute with the violent

that Rewald couldn't mingle with the richest men in the world unless he had "all the signs

of great wealth himself."

And so all those cars and houses and horses that Rewald bought "were part of his role."

And, Tamanaha told the jury, "we won't kid

you: Mr. Rewald enjoyed it.

Paid as a CIA informant for a year in the 1960s to infiltrate student organisations, Re-wald always was "fascinated by the secret world of the CIA." Tamanaha said.

"It seemed romantic and mysterious," and when Rewald came to Hawaii in 1977 he volunteered to provide information about his trips abroad and perform other services.

"And at times it went to his head," Tamanaha conceded. Yes, Rewald had spent money on cars and women. "He made some mistakes, no doubt about it.

But Rewald, a man "who loves his country and believed in the CIA . . . , believed in

what he was doing."

He was also an "emotional man, some say 'soft,' whose greatest fault is his mability to

say 'no."
"The CIA looks for and needs and recruits these characteristics, people with

Tamanaha said. And Rewald succeeded "beyond the CIA's wildest expectations" in developing friendships with some of the world's richest men, such as the sultan of Brunei and banker Enrique Zobel of the Philippines, by following CIA directions to buy the Hawatt Polo Club, Tamenaha said.

The firm of Bishop Baldwin Rewald Dillingham & Wong was riddled with persons cleared by and doing work for the CIA, including President Sunlin Wong,

Tamanaha said.

Wong has said the company was a sham and has pleaded guilty to mail and securities fraud and is serving a two-year prison sentence.

The man behind this spy empire. Tamanaha suggested, was John H. "Jack" Kindachi, who joined the firm after retiring as CIA station chief here in 1980.

Kindschi has said that he was conned by Rewald, knew nothing of the alleged suis-use of investor funds, and himself lost more than \$100,000.

Kindschi wrote the company's brochure and quarterly reports. Tamanaba said Kindschi also directed the hiring of several people, including an unnamed "John Doe 14," one of 19 persons involved whose names Tamanaha said could not be revealed for national security reasons.

'John Doe 14" appears to be a reference to Charles Conner of Sweden, a man Kindschi met when Kindschi was an undercover CIA agent in Stockholm years

Another board member and consultant, operating under aliases of James T. Bishop and Richard Cavannaugh, was actually Charles L. Richardson, then the chief of foreign intelligence resources for the CIA's West Coast region, Tamanaha said.

Richardson was allowed to retire from the CIA after his role in the Bishop Baldwin debacle was exposed. He and Kindschi are prosecution witnesses.

Others listed by Tamanaha as linked to the CIA included retired airline pilot Ned Avery, lawyer Russell Kim, accountant Jerry Signori and secretary Sue Wilson.

But Rewald was an amateur, and "the company was literally falling apart, Tamanaha mid.

Financial records did not exist, the lawyer said, because such operations must conceal CIA money.

Rewald secretly tape-recorded contacts with CIA officials because "he knew that when CIA operations were threatened. they cover their tracks and they cut and they run.

A new station chief, Jack Rardin, assured Rewald that his worries would be "taken care of," Tamanaha said, and warned Rewald to return the documents that would link Rewald "colder than a mackerel to the CIA."

But when a reporter broadcast that Bishop Baldwin was under investigation in the summer of 1963. Rewald knew "the cover was blown."

He tried to find Rardin, couldn't, and then checked into a Waikiki hotel and tried to kill himself, Tamanaha said.

The note he left his wife read, in part: "I started out working for my country but I was abandoned by others who feared for their jobs.

The trial of Rewald on 98 federal charges is expected to last three months, with more investors testifying today for the prosecution.